





eurofins



### **NON-INVASIVE PRENATAL TESTING**

#### **NIPT**

Since the introduction of Non-invasive prenatal testing (NIPT) into clinical practice over 10 years ago, the clinical utility of prenatal screening has considerably improved. NIPT has become a safe alternative to invasive procedures such as amniocentesis and chorionic villus sampling in certain cases, while ensuring high sensitivity and specificity.

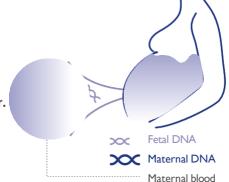


Recommended for pregnant women with singleton and twin pregnancies

#### **HOW DOES NIPT WORK?**

NIPT is a non-invasive test that enables the analysis of fetal genetic material from a routine blood sample taken from the mother.

The test can detect the presence of certain chromosomal abnormalities and genetic diseases in the fetus.



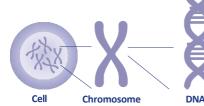
The amount of fetal DNA increases as pregnancy progresses and **is adequate for screening from week 10 of gestation.** If the quantity of fetal DNA is insufficient, a second sample may be required.

The chromosome set (called a karyotype) comprises of 23 pairs of chromosomes, half inherited from the mother and half from the father:

- 22 pairs of non-sex chromosomes
- 1 pair of sex chromosomes

Chromosomes are formed from DNA.

Some DNA regions are classified as GENES that provide the cell with the information required perform its function.





Abnormalities in the delicate process that leads to the formation of a developing fetus can cause different types of alterations:

- Abnormalities in the number of chromosomes: ANEUPLOIDIES
- Abnormalities in the structure of chromosomes: DELETIONS/DUPLICATIONS



Variations in the DNA sequence called genetic mutations can occur. This kind of alteration may be inherited from parents, or occur for the first time in the fetus and cause:

Genetic DISEASES

The frequency of these alterations increases mainly with maternal age, but advanced paternal age can also be a risk factor.

## WHAT CAN BE INVESTIGATED

#### WITH NIPT?

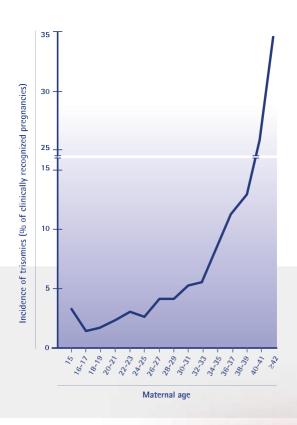
# 1) Abnormalities in the number of chromosomes: ANEUPLOIDIES

TRISOMY: three copies of a chromosome (instead of two)
MONOSOMY: single copy of a chromosome (instead of two)

#### The most common trisomys1:

- Trisomy of chromosome 21 (Down Syndrome): I in 700 births
- Trisomy of chromosome 18 (Edwards Syndrome): I in 3000 births
- Trisomy of chromosome 13 (Patau Syndrome): I in 6000 births

Incidence increases with increasing maternal age<sup>2</sup>.



## 2) Abnormalities in the structure of CHROMOSOMES

**DELETION:** loss of a chromosome segment

**DUPLICATION:** doubling of a chromosome segment

If these rearrangements are very small, they are called microdeletions and microduplications.

Microdeletion 22q11.3 is the most frequent microdeletion and is linked to DiGeorge syndrome, which has an incidence of 1/2000–4000 people, regardless of maternal age<sup>3</sup>.

### 3) Genetic DISEASES

**DE NOVO**: caused by DNA mutations that occur for the first time in the fetus **HEREDITARY**: caused by mutations inherited from parents

It is important to test if parents are HEALTHY CARRIERS\* of genetic diseases.

\*Healthy carrier, a person who is not affected by a disease and does not have symptoms, but has genetic sequences that mean the disease may be passed on to the fetus



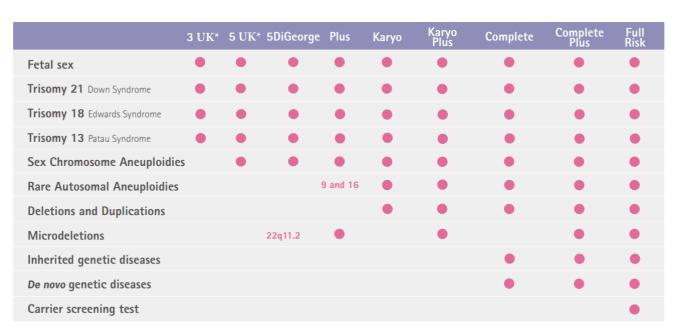
Over 20 years of experience in genetic testing.

Prenatalsafe® can accurately test circulating fetal

DNA to investigate the presence of:

- Aneuploidies in all the chromosomes of the fetus
- Deletions and duplications on all chromosomes (>7Mb)
- 9 microdeletion syndromes
- Inherited and de novo genetic diseases

# AN OFFER FOR EVERY NEED



<sup>\*</sup>PrenatalSAFE 3 & 5 screens will be processed in the UK by Eurofins Clinical Diagnostics Lab, 8 Huxley Road, Guildford, GU2 7RE. All other screens will be referred to Genoma Labs, Italy.

 Free post-test genetic counselling if positive



#### **Microdeletions**

	Microdeletion Syndromes	Chromosome regions
Prenatalsafe® 5DiGeorge	DiGeorge Syndrome	deletion 22q11.2
Prenatalsafe® Plus	includes Prenatalsafe® 5DiGeorge + Cri-du-chat Syndrome Prader-Willi Syndrome Angelman Syndrome 1p36 Deletion Syndrome Wolf-Hirschhorn Syndrome	deletion 5p15.3 deletion 15q11.2 deletion 1p36 deletion 4p16.3
Prenatalsafe® Karyo Plus	includes Prenatalsafe® Plus + Jacobsen Syndrome Langer-Giedion Syndrome Smith-Magenis Syndrome	deletion 11q23 deletion 8q24.11-q24.13 deletion 17p11.2

# Inherited genetic diseases:

- CFTR Cystic Fibrosis
- CX26 (GJB2) Deafness Autosomal Recessive Type 1A
- CX30 (GJB6) Deafness Autosomal Recessive Type 1B
- HBB Beta Thalassemia
- HBB Sickle Cell Anemia

#### De novo genetic diseases:

Syndromic Disordors		Skeletal Disorders	
Syndromic Disorders		Skeletal Districts	
Alagille Syndrome	JAGI	Achondrogenesis, type II	COL2A1
CHARGE Syndrome	CHD7	Achondroplasia	
Cornelia de Lange Syndrome, type 5	HDAC8	CATSHL Syndrome	
Cornelia de Lange Syndrome, type 1	NIPBL	Crouzon syndrome with acanthosis nigricans	ECED3
Rett Syndrome	MECP2	Hypochondroplasia	FGFR3
Sotos Syndrome, type 1	NSDI	Muenke syndrome	
Bohring-Opitz Syndrome	ASXLI	Thanatophoric dysplasia, type I	
Schinzel-Giedion Syndrome	SETBPI	Thanatophoric dysplasia, type II	
Holoprosencephaly	SIX3	Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, classic	
Noonan Spectrum Disorders		Ehlers-Danlossyndrome, type VIIA	
		Osteogenesi imperfecta, type I	COLIAI
Cardiofaciocutaneous Syndrome, type 1	BRAF	Osteogenesi imperfecta, type II	
Noonan Syndrome-like	CBL	Osteogenesi imperfecta, type III	
disorder with or without juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (NSLL)  Noonan Syndrome, type 3	KRAS	Osteogenesi imperfecta, type IV	
Cardiofaciocutaneous Syndrome 3	MAP2K I	Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome	
Cardiofaciocutaneous Syndrome 4	MAP2K2	cardiac valvular form	
Noonan Syndrome, type 6	NRAS	Ehlers-Danlos, type VIIB Syndrome	
		Osteogenesi imperfecta, type II	COL1A2
Noonan Syndrome, type 1 LEOPARD Syndrome I	PTPNII	Osteogenesi imperfecto, type III	
Noonan syndrome, type 5	RAFI	Osteogenesi imperfecta, type IV	
LEOPARD Syndrome 2		Craniosynostosis	
Noonan syndrome, type 8	RITI	Antley-Bixler syndrome	
Noonan syndrome-like	SHOC2	without genital anomalies or disordered steroidogenesis	
disorder with loose anagen hair	COCI	Apert Syndrome	
Noonan syndrome, type 4	SOSI	Crouzon Syndrome	FGFR2
		Jackson-Weiss Syndrome	
		Pfeiffer Syndrome, type 1	
		Pfeiffer Syndrome, type 2	
		Pfeiffer Syndrome, type 3	



#### LATEST GENERATION CE-IVD TECHNOLOGY



#### PROPRIETARY CE-IVD NIPT FLOW™ ALGORITHM

**Sensitivity and specificity > 99%** demonstrated on 71740 pregnancies

	Sensitivity (95% CI)	Specificity (95% CI)	
	Main aneuploidies		
Trisomy 21	<b>99.54%</b> (98.36% - 99.94%)	<b>100%</b> (96.11% - 100.00%)	
Trisomy 18	<b>100%</b> (96.11% - 100.00%)	<b>100%</b> (99.99% - 100.00%)	
Trisomy 13	<b>100%</b> (90.51% - 100.00%)	<b>99.99%</b> (99.98% - 100.00%)	
Sex chromosome aneuploidies			
Х0	<b>98.11%</b> (89.93% - 99.95%)	<b>99.98%</b> (99.97% - 99.99%)	
XXX	<b>100%</b> (87.23% - 100.00%)	<b>100%</b> (99.99% - 100.00%)	
XXY	<b>100%</b> (86.77% - 100.00%)	<b>99.99%</b> (99.99% - 100.00%)	
XYY	<b>100%</b> (86.77% - 100.00%)	<b>99.99%</b> (99.99% - 100.00%)	
Rare Autosomal aneuploidies, deletions, duplications and microdeletions			
Rare Autosoma Aneuploidies	1 <b>00%</b> (89.42% - 100.00%)	<b>99.92%</b> (99.89% - 99.95%)	
Deletions and Duplications	<b>100%</b> (83.16% - 100.00%)	<b>99.97%</b> (99.96% - 99.99%)	
Microdeletions	<b>83.33%</b> (35.88% - 99.58%)	<b>99.99%</b> (99.99% - 100.00%)	

# Robust clinical validation

- Analysis of over **70000 samples** for common trisomies
- Over **65000** samples for sex chromosome aneuploidies
- Over **40000 samples** for other abnormalities

# Reliability on all abnormalities

# Internal data from samples analysed at Eurofins Genoma Italy.

For data on Sensitivity and Specificity for PrenatalSafe 3 and 5 performed in the UK refer to Illumina's clinical validation:

https://support.illumina.com/content/dam/illuminasupport/documents/documentation/chemistry\_documentation/verise q-nipt-v2/veriseq-nipt-solution-v2-package-insert-canada-200006957-00.pdf)

Prenatalsafe<sup>®</sup>, combined with an accurate ultrasound investigation, allows early identification of fetal abnormalities.





Aligned with the SIGU<sup>5</sup> guidelines, of the Ministry of Health<sup>6</sup> and with the main gynaecological guidelines<sup>7</sup>



**Geneticists available to couples** for preand post-test genetic counselling



**Customer care** available from pre-test counselling to reporting



**Logistics authorized** for transporting biological material UN3373



Sample traceability



**Comprehensive insurance protection** 

#### **Bibliography**

- 1. Screening for Fetal Chromosomal Abnormalities. ACOG Practice Bulletin, Number 226. Obstetrics & Gynecology: October 2020 Volume 136 Issue 4 p e48-e69
- 2. To err (meiotically) is human: the genesis of human aneuploidy. Nature Reviews Genetics volume 2, pages280–291 (2001)
- 3. Cell-free DNA screening for prenatal detection of 22q11.2 deletion syndrome. Maternal and Fetal Medicine, held virtually, January 25–30, 2021
- 4. Pre-test counselling checklist for non-invasive prenatal genetic testing on fetal DNA circulating in maternal blood (NIPT/cell-free DNA test). 2021
- 5. SIEOG 2021 guidelines for obstetric and gynaecological ultrasound scans

### YOUR PATIENTS IN SAFE HANDS

# 9 levels of investigation

- CE-IVD NIPT FLOW™ ALGORITHM
- Illumina CE-IVD technology
- Qualified logistics



Any expectant mother, single or twin pregnancies, obtained with either natural conception or assisted reproductive technologies (ART)



\*Actual kit used may vary from the picture shown above

#### **Reporting times:**

3-7 days

chromosome analysis

10-15 days

gene analysis

15-20 days

carrier testing on parents



Genoma



**Clinical Diagnostics** 

GeneticEnquiriesUK@biomnis.co.uk

www.prenatalsafe.co.uk

#### **UK Lab**

Eurofins Biomnis UK Ltd 8 Huxley Road, Surrey Research Park, Guildford, GU2 7RE

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